Site Name: Harrington Way						
C8	Site Address:	Charlton SDL	Area (ha):	2.2		
Historic and modern commercial buildings in use as cultural and artist studios	Proposed Use:	Existing historic buildings to be retained and used for B1, offices, creative uses, studios in accordance with IBP designation	Vulnerability Classification:	Less Vulnerable		
Tidal Source:						
Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 100%	Flood Zone 3 (1% AEP): 1009	Flood Zone 3b Area Benefiting from Defences: 100%		g from Defences:		
	C8 Historic and modern commercial buildings in use as cultural and artist studios	C8  Historic and modern commercial buildings in use as cultural and artist studios  Flood Zone 2  Flood Zone 3	C8  Site Address: Charlton SDL  Historic and modern commercial buildings in use as cultural and artist studios  Proposed Use: Existing historic buildings to be retained and used for B1, offices, creative uses, studios in accordance with IBP designation  Flood Zone 2  Flood Zone 3  Flood Zone 3b	C8 Site Address: Charlton SDL Area (ha):  Historic and modern commercial buildings in use as cultural and artist studios  Proposed Use: Existing historic buildings to be retained and used for B1, offices, creative uses, studios in accordance with IBP designation  Flood Zone 2 Flood Zone 3 Flood Zone 3b Area Benefiting		

#### Flood Zones and Flood Defences

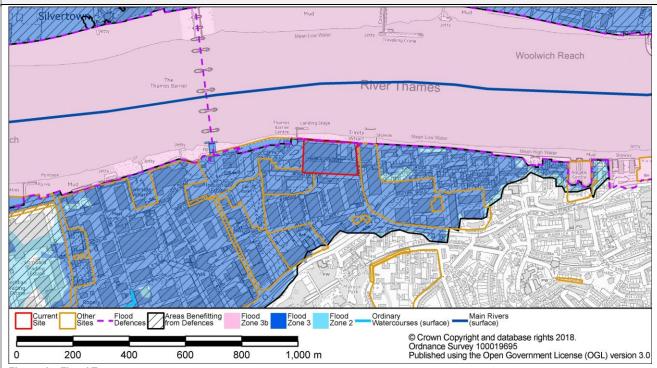


Figure A - Flood Zones

Flood Defence Source:	tidal	Upstream of Thames Barrier?	No
Flood Defence Type:	wall	Standard of Protection:	1000
Flood Warning Area	Tidal Thames from Woolwich Arsenal to Deptford Creek (100% Overlap)	Emergency Rest Centre	Clockhouse Community & Recreation Centre
Residual Tidal Flood Risk			

# Site Name: Harrington Way Woolwich Reach River Thames 0.1m - 0.25m 0.25m - 0.5m © Crown Copyright and database rights 2018. Ordnance Survey 100019695 Published using the Open Government License (OGL) version 3.0 200 400 600 800 1,000 m Figure B - Maximum Flood Depth (Downriver Breach Assessment, 0.5% AEP 2115) Şilvertown Woolwich Reach River Thames Other Sites - - Flood Defences Breach Flood Hazard Low Moderate Significant © Crown Copyright and database rights 2018. Ordnance Survey 100019695 Published using the Open Government License (OGL) version 3.0 1,000 m 200 400 600 800 Figure C - Maximum Flood Hazard (Downriver Breach Assessment, 0.5% AEP 2115) Surface Water Source

Low

Risk of Flooding from Surface Water (RoFSW)

## Site Name: Harrington Way Silvertown Woolwich Reach Water Courses Flood Defences High Medium Risk of Flooding from Surface Water © Crown Copyright and database rights 2018. Ordnance Survey 100019695 200 400 600 800 1.000 m Published using the Open Government License (OGL) version 3.0 Figure D Risk of Flooding from Surface Water (RoFSW) Critical Drainage Area Group6\_014 (100% Overlap) **Groundwater Source Bedrock Geology Upper Chalk Formation Superficial Geology** Alluvium - Clay, Silty, Peaty, Sandy **Bedrock Aquifer** Principal (100% Overlap) **Superficial Aquifer** Secondary (undifferentiated) (100% Designation Designation Overlap) **Potential Groundwater Flooding Zone** Zone A **Other Sources Sewer Flooding** Internal Flood Incidents: NoData External Flood Incidents: NoData (within 4 digit postcode) **Artificial sources**

#### **Site Specific Recommendations**

The site is located within Flood Zone 3 but is in an area that benefits from the Flood Wall defences and is at residual risk of tidal flooding. Less Vulnerable uses may be located at ground level. The ROFSW map shows that site and surrounding area is at low risk of surface water flooding. An assessment of the local surface water flow paths should be made during the development of the site design, to encourage the location of buildings and more vulnerable aspects of the development away from those areas at risk of surface water ponding. Permission is required from the Environment Agency for work activity within 16m of a tidal river or tidal defence. Reference should be made to the Integrated Water Management Strategy for the area.

A number of flood resistance and resilience measures can be implemented into new developments to mitigate potential flooding. Guidance on resilience measures can be found in the document 'Improving the Flood Performance of New Buildings, Flood Resilient Construction' published by The Department for Communities and Local Government (CLG).

Potential overland flow paths from surface water should be determined and appropriate solutions proposed to minimise the impact of the development, whilst ensuring that flows are not diverted towards other properties elsewhere. Developers should consider using design for exceedance approaches by using urban areas and infrastructure to help manage local flooding. Flow paths should be assessed to inform the strategic location of SuDS and techniques to route flows around the edge of buildings. Careful consideration should be given to the use of fences and landscaping walls so as to prevent causing obstruction to flow routes.

Unobstructed safe access routes to and from the development should be provided. These should provide access to higher ground that is not at risk from tidal flooding. It is strongly recommended that permanent internal access to upper floors is provided for all users of the site to provide safe refuge in a flood event. In the event of a breach in defences there is potential that dry routes to a safe location may be limited. The local area is covered by the 'Tidal Thames from Woolwich Arsenal to Deptford Creek' Environment Agency Flood Warning Area. A Flood Warning and Evacuation Plan (FWEP) must be prepared for the site, detailing how flood warning will be provided as well as how the safety of occupants and access to/from the development will be ensured. Further details of what should be included can be found in the Developer Guidance.

Reference to the SWMP Appendix D Figure D6 identifies that (prior to the completion of a site investigation to determine precise local conditions) infiltration of surface water into the ground is uncertain for the site. Site investigations will be required prior to the development of a Drainage Strategy for the site. Development should utilise sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) unless there are practical reasons for not doing so. The site is located within the Group6\_014 Critical Drainage Area. The potential development must not increase flood risk to other areas within the CDA. Where an increased risk exists, developers need to provide a Drainage Strategy to demonstrate how they intend to address this, by what methods, over what timeframe and how maintenance of such works would be funded over its lifetime. This should include a consideration of SuDS in line with the London Plan 5.13 and Local Plan Policies. Surface water run-off should be managed in line with Royal Greenwich's surface water management requirements, as set out in Chapter 4 of the Developer Guidance.

## **Site Name: Harrington Way**

### Summary

The site is within Flood Zone 3, defended by the Flood Wall defence, and has a residual risk of tidal flooding. It also has a low surface water flood risk. It is recommended that effective surface water management measures are implemented, including careful site and building layout and the incorporation of SuDS, in order to reduce flooding both on the site and routing of flood water to other areas. Due to the extent of flood risk on the site, a flood warning and evacuation plan should be implemented. In the event of a breach in defences there is potential that dry routes to a safe location may be limited. On this basis, it is likely that this site could pass the Exception Test.