Site Name: 40 Victoria Way Site Address: N/A Area (ha): 1.96 **Current Use:** Warehouse/Office building **Proposed Use:** Residential Vulnerability More Vulnerable Classification: Fluvial Source: Flood Zone 1 Flood Zone 2 Flood Zone 3 Flood Zone 3b Area Benefiting from Defences: (<0.1% EP): (0.1% AEP): 0% (1% AEP): 0% (5%AEP): 0% 100% **Surface Water Source** Risk of Flooding from Surface Water (RoFSW) Low Risk of Flooding from Surface Water © Crown Copyright and database rights 2018. Ordnance Survey 100019695 200 600 1.000 m 400 800 Published using the Open Government License (OGL) version 3.0 Figure A Risk of Flooding from Surface Water (RoFSW) Group6 014 (100% Overlap) **Critical Drainage Area Groundwater Source** N/A **Bedrock Geology** Upper Chalk Formation **Superficial Geology** Principal (97% Overlap), Secondary A (3% Superficial Aquifer N/A **Bedrock Aquifer** Designation Overlap) Designation **Potential Groundwater Flooding Zone** Zone A **Other Sources** Internal Flood Incidents: 2 External Flood Incidents: 0 Sewer Flooding (within 4 digit postcode) **Artificial sources**

Site Specific Recommendations

An assessment of surface water flow paths should be made prior to site design, to encourage the location of buildings and more vulnerable aspects of the development away from those areas at risk of surface water ponding.

There is no set guidance for the setting of finished floor levels of development in relation to surface water flood risk. This site is shown to be at a low risk of surface water flooding

Surface water flow paths should be assessed to inform the strategic location of SuDS and techniques to route flows around the edge of buildings. Careful consideration should be given to the use of fences and landscaping walls so as to prevent causing obstruction to flow routes and increasing the risk of flooding to the site or neighbouring areas.

Reference to the SWMP Appendix D Figure D6 identifies that (prior to the completion of a site investigation to determine precise local conditions) infiltration of surface water into the ground is potentially suitable for the site. Site investigations will be required prior to the development of a Drainage Strategy for the site. Development should utilise sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) unless there are practical reasons for not doing so. Where an increased risk of surface water flooding exists to surrounding sites, developers need to provide a Drainage Strategy to demonstrate how they intend to address this, by what methods, over what timeframe and how maintenance of such works would be funded over its lifetime. This should include a consideration of SuDS in line with the London Plan 5.13 and Local Plan Policies. Surface water run-off should be managed in line with Royal Greenwich's surface water management requirements, as set out in Chapter 4 of the Developer Guidance.

Summary

The site is within Flood Zone 1 and in accordance with NPPF does not require the application of the Exception Test. However, the site

Site Name: 40 Victoria Way

is at Low Risk of Surface Water Flooding. It is recommended that development is located away from the area at risk of flooding. If the site will increase the risk of flooding, a drainage strategy should be provided to show how the site will be drained. Where possible, SuDS should be used to drain the site.